

<b>Subject</b>	<b>Science</b>
<b>Unit/Topic</b>	Reproduction and Puberty

Key Vocabulary	Definition
<b>Amniotic fluid</b>	A cushioning fluid that protects a growing foetus in the womb.
<b>Anther</b>	Part of the stamen that contains the pollen (male reproductive organ of a flower).
<b>Ejaculation</b>	The release of sperm through the penis.
<b>Fertilisation</b>	When the sperm nucleus fuses with the egg.
<b>Foetus</b>	An unborn baby that develops in the womb.
<b>Gamete</b>	A sex cell, for example the male gamete is sperm, the female is egg cell.
<b>Menstrual Cycle</b>	A 28 day cycle for females where the lining of the uterus is prepared for pregnancy.
<b>Ovary</b>	Makes egg cells.
<b>Oviduct/Fallopian tube</b>	Carries eggs to the uterus.
<b>Ovulation</b>	The release of an egg from an ovary.
<b>Ovum</b>	A flower's female sex cell held in the ovule.
<b>Penis</b>	Where sperm leaves the man's body.
<b>Placenta</b>	The organ which provides oxygen and nutrients, and removes waste substances for a foetus.
<b>Pollen grain</b>	A flower's male sex cell.
<b>Pollination</b>	Where the pollen lands on the stigma.
<b>Puberty</b>	Time during which sexual maturity happens.
<b>Reproduction</b>	Where a parent or parents have offspring (make new individuals).

<b>Sperm duct</b>	Carries sperm to the penis.
<b>Stamen</b>	The male reproductive organ of a flower.
<b>Stigma</b>	Part of a flower's female reproductive organ, which is stick to hold onto pollen.
<b>Testes</b>	Makes sperm.
<b>Umbilical cord</b>	Joins the placenta to the foetus.
<b>Uterus</b>	Where the foetus develops.
<b>Vagina</b>	Where the penis enters during sexual intercourse. Where the baby comes out in birth.